

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE PARTY:

Mozambique

POINT OF CONTACT

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Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 to 01.04.2018

Measures	Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).
The Government of Mozambique has concluded that the existing national legislation sufficiently includes the items recommended by Article 9 of the Ottawa Convention.	The analysis of national legislation was done by the Government of Mozambique and concluded that the existing legislation includes the items recommended by Article 9 of the Ottawa Convention.

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 to 01.04.2018

Mozambique began the process of stockpile destruction in September 2001 and concluded the destruction of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines within the deadline established by the Convention, in February 2003. A total of 37,318 AP mines of diverse types were destroyed as detailed below. This process was conducted by IND in coordination with Armed Defense Forces.

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
AUPS	310		
M966	367		
M969	41		
M971	3,383		
M67-5-18	11,930		
MON-100	1,802		
MON-50	971		
OZM-4	2,679		
OZM-72	406		
PMD-6	3,326		
PMN	8,966		
PMN-2	493		
POMZ	528		
POMZ-2	2,616		
TOTAL	37. 318		

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State [Party]: **Mozambique** reporting for time period from **20.04.2017** to **01.04.2018**

1. Areas that are confirmed and suspected to contain mines*

Location	Type	Quantity	Date of emplacement	Supplementary information
As of 1st April 2018, the following province contain mined hazard areas: Inhambane 1.118m ² TOTAL: 1.118, sqm in 04 tasks	AUPS, Gyata, M-14, M-966, M-969, M-971, MON-100, MON-50, OZM-4, OZM-72, PMD-6, PMN, PMN-2, POMZ, POMZ-2, Type 72	As reported in the previous reports, considering the extensive, unconventional and typically indiscriminant (unrecorded) use of landmines during conflict period, the quantity of landmine used and its types are unknown.		In september 2015 Mozambique was able to complete all the remaining minefields in the country with the exception of the ones that are inaccessible in flooded areas and ear marked for future clearance once access is regained. However, in April 2016 the local community reported the suspected minefield at the Mozambique and Tanzania border in Cabo delgado province. The IND together with APOPO carried out a combined NTS of the area and concluded the existence of a 63,000sqm contaminated

				<p>area.</p> <p>Following this discovery the IND requested Norwegian Peoples Aid to carry out clearance activities on the identified area and NPA commenced clearance activities in January 2017.</p> <p>At present, all the mined areas that had been reported on the Border between Mozambique and Tanzania, were cleared in 2017 by the NPA. During the work 100 anti personnel mines were destroyed and 100,000m² of land were released and delivered to the population for its use.</p> <p>With regard to the issue raised by the Chairman of the Committee for the implementation of Article 5 on the disclosure of information contained in the transparency report and information contained in the document that was presented during the intersessional meeting in June 2017, we have to inform the following:</p>
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				<p>With regard to the 2 additional areas, namely, Mungano Market and Chacamba Border Post, they were reported by the population to the operator, during the process of clarification of the previous area.</p> <p>After that, it was decided to move a team from the same operator to the local for a technical search that resulted in:</p> <p>1- The Mungano market area had 11435sqm and work done, it was possible to cancel through the technical survey 5992 sqm, demining 1170 sqm and process 4273 sqm. As a result, 8 anti-personnel mines were found and destroyed in this area.</p> <p>2- Relating to the Border Post of Chacamba, the area was 14,800m² having been demined 1115 m², processed 4229 m², and 9456m² were canceled during the technical survey,. Up to now, only 1 Uxo was found.</p> <p>Failure to notify the Article 5 Committee of the two</p>
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				<p>additional areas was due to the fact that they were identified during the demining process.</p> <p>In April 2017, when submitting the transparency report, those areas had not yet been confirmed by the APN team, hence we did not report due to lack of concrete information about them, but at the intersessional meeting in June 2017, they were referenced in the document presented to the plenary by the delegation of Mozambique.</p> <p>At present there remain only the mined and flooded areas in Inhambane, which have been deserving a monitoring by the National Demining Institute and local authorities.</p>
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* Please see attached table with data on each mined area.

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 to 01.04.2018

1a. *Compulsory*: Retained for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
Mozambique Armed Defense Forces (FADM)	PMD-6	100		
	PMN	100		
	PMN-2	100		
	POMZ-2M	100		
	POMZ-2	100		
	OZM-72	100		
	MON-50	100		
	OZM-4	100		
	MON-100	100		
	FADM Sub-total	900		
HANDICAP INTERNATIONAL (HI)	PMN 2	01		Inert without explosive and detonator
	TYPE 72 A	01		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MON 50	01		Inert without explosive and detonator

	TM 47	01		Inert without explosive and detonator
	POMZ 2	07		Inert without explosive and detonator
	AUPS	26		Used for training and refreshing EDD in camp and in the field
	M969	12		Used for training and refreshing EDD in camp and in the field
	P4	01		Used for training and refreshing EDD in camp and in the field
	HI Sub-Total	50		
THE HALO TRUST (HT)	PMN	7		Inert without explosive and detonator
	PMN2	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	PMD6	3		Inert without explosive and detonator
	M14 (MN79)	2		Inert without explosive and detonator
	POMZ2	18		Inert without explosive and detonator
	POMZ2M	8		Inert without explosive and detonator
	OZM-4	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	OZM-72	2		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MON-50/Type 66	3		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MON- 100	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	R2M2	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MAI75	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	M35	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	PMR-2A	2		Inert without explosive and detonator
	PMR-1	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	M969	2		Inert without explosive and detonator
M966	1		Inert without explosive and detonator	

	M966B	4		Inert without explosive and detonator
	AUPS	4		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MIAPDV 59	3		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MAPS/M411	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	M3	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	Type 69 Bounding	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	HT Sub-total	69		
Norwegian People's Aid	PMN 2	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	TYPE 72 A	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	MON 50	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	M/966	1		Case without explosive and detonator
	POMZ 2M	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	AUPS	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	Gyata	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	PTMIBA-III	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	TM57	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	TM46	1		Inert without explosive and detonator
	NPA Sub-total	10		
APOPO	PMN	12		Used without detonator to train, test and refresh Mine Detection Rat teams in camp and in the field.
	GYATA	29		
	M-966	19		
	AUPS	110		
	M-969	150		
	T-72	5		

	POMZ	1		
	APOPO Sub-total	326		
Grand Total		1355		

Form D (continued)

1b. **Voluntary information (Action #54 Nairobi Action Plan)** “Information on the plans requiring the retention of mines for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance, or mine destruction techniques and report on the actual use of retained mines and the results of such use”

Objectives:	Activity / Project:	Supplementary information :
Train deminers in rapid detection and destruction of mines. Training and testing of Animal detection (Rats and Dogs) to accompany manual clearance methods	Mine detention /clearance techniques	All operators conduct in-house training courses for detection and clearance techniques. Bi-annual refresher training is conducted according to National Mine Action Standard.

NOTE: Each State Party should provide information on plans and future activities if and when appropriate and reserves the right to modify it at any time

2. **Compulsory:** Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to
National Demining Institute and FADM	N/A	N/A	N/A	During 2017 no transfer of mines was registered/authorized.
TOTAL	0	0		

3. **Compulsory:** Transferred for the purpose of destruction (Article 3, para.2)

Institution authorized by State Party	Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to

N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL	N/A	N/A		

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 To 01.04.2018

Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission"	Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed")	Supplementary information
Mozambique was never a producer of any type of mines therefore does not possess any production facilities.	N/A	N/A

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 to 01.04.2018

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Description of the status of programs including: Destruction of stockpile concluded in 2003.	Details of: See Form B for more information.
Location of destruction sites: Stockpile destroyed in 3 Provinces namely Maputo, Sofala and Nampula (Moamba, Beira and Anchilo)	
Detonation of explosives charges and electrical system	Methods:
According to the “National Mine Action Standards” and “International Mine Action Standards”	Applicable safety standards:
Destruction conducted in accordance with the environmental regulation, not affecting the infrastructure around the sites and in accordance with “National Mine Action Standards”	Applicable environmental standards:

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Description of the status of programs including:					<p>The operations in Nangade, were started on the 1st February 2016 with Technical Survey</p> <p>All the mined areas that had been confirmed in Cabo Delgado Province were clarified in June 2017 by the NPA.</p> <p>At present there remain only the suspected flooded areas in Inhambane, which has been deserving a monitoring by the National Demining Institute and local authorities.</p>
Location of destruction sites: Mine clearance in 2017 was conducted in 1 Province of Mozambique: Cabo Delgado.					
REMAINING HAZARDOUS AREAS AS OF 01 APRIL 2017					
Province	No.Tasks	Area Size m2	Cleared Area	Suspended Area	
Cabo Delgado	1	63,000	20,000	0	
Inhambane	4	0	0	1,881	
Grand Total	5	63,000	20,000	1,881	
<p>The demining activities in Cabo Delgado province were carried out by the APN and were concluded in June of 2017.</p> <p>At present moment, 4 suspected areas are remaining in Inhambane province with a total of 1,881m2 that are submerged, thus hindering any type of intervention.</p>					<p>Methods: Non Technical Survey, Technical Survey, Land Release, Manual and Mechanical Clearance.</p>
According to the “National Mine Action Standards” and “International Mine Action Standards”					Applicable safety standards: IMAS and NMAS
Destruction conducted in accordance with the environmental regulation, not affecting the infrastructure around the sites and in accordance with “National Mine Action Standards”					Applicable environmental standards: NMAS and national legislation

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State [Party]: **Mozambique** reporting for time period from **01.01.2017** to **01.04.2018**

1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Type	Quantity	Lot # (if possible)	Supplementary information
TOTAL			

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Type	Quantity	Supplementary information
Landmines	86,339	Includes 77,791 anti-personnel blast mines, 8,548 anti-group mines and 141 anti-vehicle mines of various types
UXO	6,380	Includes items of unexploded ordnance of various types destroyed in the process of demining and EOD.
TOTAL	92,719	

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]: **Mozambique** reporting for time period from **01.01.2017** to **01.04.2018**

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced: **N/A**

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Colour photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				N/A

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Colour photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			type	grams			
N/A							
N/A							

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 to 01.04.2018

[Narrative:]

Following the implementation of a cluster munition remnants (CMR) clearance project in 2016 by NPA, Mozambique successfully completed clearance on the last known cluster munitions contaminated areas in the country. Mozambique was also able to achieve Article 4 compliance to the Convention on Cluster Munitions (CCM). In 2015, Mozambique declared itself Article 5 compliant to the Mine Ban Treaty (MBT), and included with the declaration a course of action it would undertake, if new mined areas were discovered afterwards. Subsequently suspected mined areas were discovered, though Mozambique did not follow the course indicated in its declaration, including timely informing the President of the Mine Ban Treaty the government of Mozambique does not and did not intend to keep the discovery a secret. Due to this obligation, the government engaged the services of the Norwegian Peoples Aid in supporting the clearance of the minefield in 2017.

Form J Other relevant matters

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

State [Party]: Mozambique reporting for time period from 01.01.2017 to 01.04.2018

[Narrative / reference to other reports:]