UNDP MINE ACTION



Cooperation Among Mine-affected Countries

Presentation to the Standing Committee on Mine Clearance, Mine Risk Education and Mine Action Technologies

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Background

- ✓ In recent years, key stakeholders have increasingly recognized the importance of promoting cooperation among mine-affected countries.
- ✓ UNDP Involvement
- ✓ The concept of promoting cooperation among developing countries emerged in the 1970s.
- The international community recognized the need to increase horizontal exchanges among developing countries (south-south cooperation) to complement traditional vertical north-south exchanges.

... Background

- General Assembly Resolutions (1973-1977): Several GA resolutions adopted calling upon the international community and UN to increase technical exchanges among developing countries.
- UNDP Resolution (1975): UNDP adopted a resolution calling for increased emphasis on government-execution of development projects and for south-south cooperation in the implementation of technical cooperation programmes.
- UN Conference on Technical Cooperation Among Developing Countries (1978): Set out a comprehensive framework for promotion of cooperation.

UN Commitment to Promoting Cooperation Among Mine-affected Countries

- The UN regards promotion of cooperation among mineaffected countries as one of its <u>highest priorities</u>.
- This commitment is reflected in the <u>UN Five-year Mine</u>
 <u>Action Strategy</u>, which provides strategic direction to
 <u>UN efforts to promote cooperation among mine-affected</u>
 countries.

Why Cooperation Among Mineaffected Countries?

- Affected Countries Share Similar Challenges:
 - o resumption of normal life
 - o repatriation of refugees and IDPs
 - o rehabilitation of affected communities
 - o reconstruction and development of affected communities
- Information Sharing: Exchanges of views about how individual countries have been affected by mines, and how they have tackled their mine problems, can be valuable to other mine-affected countries.

... Why Cooperation Among Mineaffected Countries?

- Every national mine action programme has its <u>unique</u> <u>strengths</u> and <u>opportunities for improvement</u>.
- Individual lessons learned complement the more traditional means of technical assistance that the international mine action community provides.

Potential Areas of Cooperation

- Exchanging technical materials.
- Sharing trials, research and training facilities.
- Pooling technical equipment on a regional basis may increase economies of scale and returns on investments.
- Sharing experiences and expertise on general approaches to implementing mine action programmes.
- Demonstrating how <u>countries</u> with <u>similar histories</u> and backgrounds are tackling the mine problem on a human, rather than purely technical, level.

Practical Steps to Promoting Cooperation Among Mine-affected Countries

Mine Action Exchange Programme (MAX)

- Provides a practical means of <u>fostering cooperation</u> among mine-affected countries.
- Provides a mechanism for the staff of mine action programmes to <u>undertake short assignments</u> to other programmes or mine action organizations.
- Seeks to <u>develop and strengthen relationships</u> among indigenous mine action programmes.
- ✓ Share <u>different perspectives</u> on mine action.

Promoting Cooperation

Mine Action Exchange Programme (MAX)

- Mature programmes share lessons learned with new programmes on how to <u>avoid costly mistakes</u>.
- New programmes share lessons learned with mature programmes on systems and approaches that may differ from more traditional approaches.
- MAX Participants to Date: Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Croatia and Mozambique.
- ✓ <u>Planned 2003 Exchanges</u>: Albania, Cambodia, Somalia and Yemen.

How the Concept Can Further be Promoted?

- Develop an <u>information system</u> that provides relevant details about different mine action programmes.
 - Create an inventory of expertise and support that programmes are willing to offer each other.
 - ✓ Identify potential areas of cooperation and specific areas of need when formulating mine action plans.
- Ensure that national mine action policies encourage cooperation among affected countries.
- ✓ Engage donors to support south-south cooperation.

Conclusion

- Cooperation among mine-affected countries is an <u>important complement</u> to more traditional types of technical and financial support.
- ✓ UNDP regards cooperation among mineaffected countries as an integral part of its programme activities.
- ✓ UNDP will continue to expand the MAX programme.

... Conclusion

Increase Senior Political Engagement

- ✓ UNDP has been approached by some mine affected countries to assist with a mechanism to bring together mine-affected countries at a higher political level.
- Such a forum would help strengthen technical cooperation among mine affected countries.
- They would also provide an <u>opportunity to strategize</u> with the donor community on the types of assistance required in the field.

We look forward to working with you on these initiatives.



Thank You