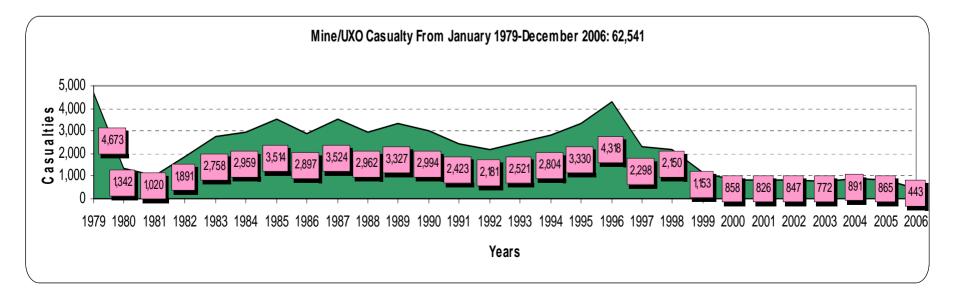
Addressing the needs of survivors: A rights-based approach

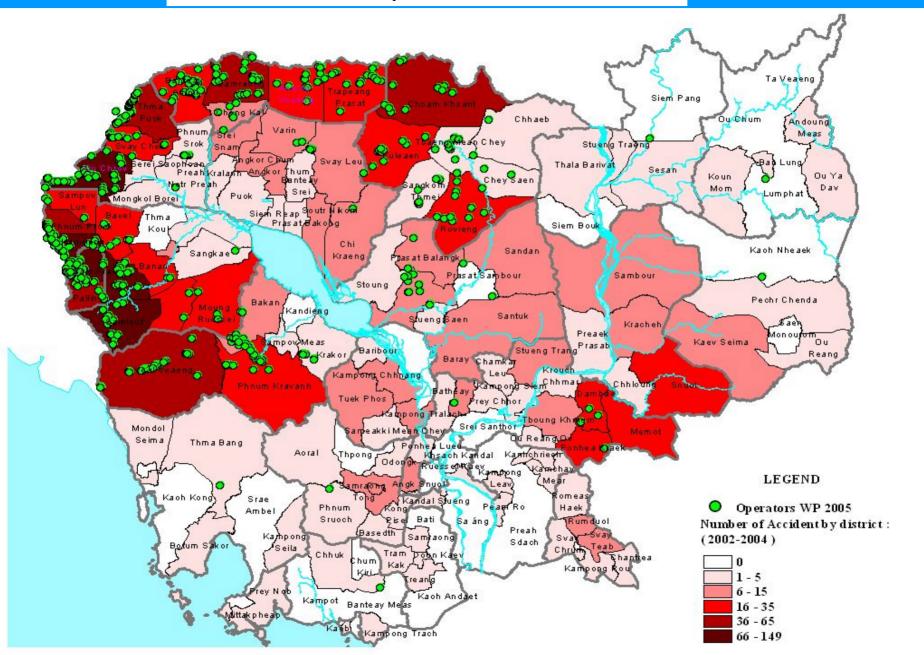


Cambodia Today

- Landmines and UXOs continue to be a daily threat to the lives of thousands and an obstacle to socio-economic development.
- A significant Mine/UXO causality decrease from 4,318 in 1996 to 443 in 2006. Children represented of 25% of all casualties, most of them caused by UXOs.
- 90% of mine/UXO victims received mine risk education



Mine/UXO Casualties (2000-2006) and Mine Action Operation Work Plan of 2007



Good progress...but children continue to be at risk

- Internal migration for economical reasons.
- Risky behaviour due to economical necessity and curiosity
- Tampering with UXOs and by standing





UNICEF Global Priorities in Mine Action_____

1. Mine risk education and Risk Reduction

2. Victim Assistance, rehabilitation and reintegration





The Rights Framework

Convention on the Rights of the Child, Article 23





full and decent life, dignity, selfreliance, active participation of disabled children



The Rights Framework

Convention on the Rights of the Child, Article 2 Non-Discrimination

all rights for all children...

- Survival
- Development
- Protection
- Participation



The Rights Framework

- UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities
 - Adopted 13 December 2006
 - The Convention introduces obligations on governments to ensure human rights for people with disabilities on an equal basis with non-disabled people. The Convention gives status and authority to disability as a human rights issue.

How UNICEF Works: Creating a Protective Environment

Attitudes, customs, and behaviour within families and communities

Capacity: teachers, health workers, social workers, lawyers

Open discussion of child protection issues in families, schools and communities

Monitoring and Reporting child protection abuses

The Right of
Children with
Disabilities to a
Protective
Environment

Children's life skills knowledge and participation

Government Commitment to promoting change

Policies, Legislation and enforcement including protective laws and recourse

Services for recovery and reintegration following child protection abuses

UNICEF Cambodia 2006-2010

Programme Priorities:

- 1. Service provision to children with disabilities
- 2. Integration into mainstream schools
- 3. Vocational skills training and income-generation for disabled families
- 4. Capacity-building of government and NGOs counterparts (local & national)









UNICEF's Key Partners











 Ministry of Social Affairs, Veterans and Youth Rehabilitation



- Ministry Education, Youth and Sports
- Disability Action Council
- NGOs











Some Lessons Learned

- 1. More strategic engagement with commune councils
- 2. Importance of involving district gov't social workers
- 3. Bridging between formal and non-formal education
- 4. Disabled people/children as actors

Challenges





- Enhanced government leadership/coordination
- Measuring progress and impact
- Leveraging victim assistance for all people with disabilities

THANK YOU

